CANACOL ENERGY LTD.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016





INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands of United States dollars)

As at	Note	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015		
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash		\$ 62,103	\$ 43,257		
Restricted cash	6	10,791	8,147		
Trade and other receivables		36,101	11,682		
Prepaid expenses and deposits		8,238	4,015		
Investments	7	2,700	2,800		
Crude oil inventory	,	586	465		
,		120,519	70,366		
New company constr					
Non-current assets		0-			
Restricted cash	6	51,789	53,574		
Exploration and evaluation assets	4	143,532	149,906		
Property, plant and equipment	5	352,725	331,995		
Investment in equity	16,17	17,202	15,802		
Investments	7	15,005	13,679		
Deferred tax assets		34,481	33,027		
		614,734	597,983		
Total assets		\$ 735,253	668,349		
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables		22,909	12,704		
Crude oil payable in kind		472	721		
Commodity contracts		3	-		
Deferred income	15	4,200	2,216		
Restricted share units	13	2,038	100		
Taxes payable		22,376	8,315		
1 /		51,998	24,056		
Non-current liabilities					
Bank debt	8	250,039	248,228		
Deferred income	15	3,731	3,731		
Decommissioning obligations		35,388	39,989		
Restricted share units	13	104	55		
Other long term obligations		2,684	2,801		
Deferred tax liabilities		39,841	46,202		
Total liabilities		383,785	365,062		
Equity					
Share capital	9	695,033	652,202		
Other reserves	•	62,249	60,206		
Accumulated other comprehensive income		343	343		
Deficit		(406,157)	(409,464)		
Total equity		351,468	303,287		
Total liabilities and equity		\$ 735,253	668,349		



INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME

(UNAUDITED)

(in thousands of United States dollars, except per share amounts)

		Three months ended September 30,			Nine		ths ended
	Note		2016	2015	2016	Зерс	2015
Revenues							
Petroleum and natural gas revenues, net of royalties	12	\$	43,007	\$ 21,958	\$ 101,904	\$	75,684
Take-or-pay natural gas income			1,385	-	4,114		-
Total petroleum and natural gas revenues, net of royalties			44,392	21,958	106,018		75 , 684
Equity profit (loss)	16,17		387	(135)	1,399		748
Expenses							
Production and transportation expenses			5,284	7,163	14,541		27,536
Pre-license and exploration costs	4		14,583	52	14,722		169
General and administrative			4,768	4,850	12,733		15,246
Stock-based compensation and restricted share units	9		3,675	1,632	8,583		4,194
Depletion and depreciation	5		10,814	12,573	20,319		37,524
Foreign exchange (gain) loss and other			(736)	3,061	(1,492)		2,835
Loss (gain) on derivatives and financial instruments	12		370	(996)	1,507		(715)
Loan investment write-down	13		1,106	-	1,106		-
Wealth tax expense	-			-	1,135		1,501
Impairment on property, plant and equipment	5		_	-	-		44,661
Gain on settlement of decommissioning liability			_	-	(346)		-
Loss on disposition of assets			-	-	11		38
·			39,864	28,335	72,819		132,989
Net finance expense	10		5,711	6,183	16,771		25,120
(Loss) income before income taxes			(796)	(12,695)	17,827		(81,677)
Income taxes (recovery)							
Current			8,174	2,812	22,335		8,260
Deferred			(571)	3,522	(7,815)		3,254
berened			7,603	6,334	14,520		11,514
Net (loss) income and comprehensive (loss) income			(8,399)	(19,029)	3,307	-	(93,191)
			(-,,,,,)	(.),3)	212-1		(221.7.)
Net (loss) income and comprehensive (loss) income per share							
Basic	11	\$	(0.05)	\$ (0.15)	\$ 0.02	\$	(0.78)
Diluted	11	\$	(0.05)	\$ (0.15)	\$ 0.02	\$	(0.78)



INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands of United States dollars, number of shares in thousands)

	Number of Common Shares	Share Capital	F	Other Reserves	ccumulated Other prehensive Income	Deficit	Total Equity
Balance as at December 31, 2014	107,814	\$ 551,590	\$	52,198	\$ 347	\$ (231,811)	\$ 372,324
Issue of common shares, net of costs	32,996	65,520		-	-	-	65,520
Stock options exercised	116	645		(438)	-	-	207
Stock-based compensation	_	-		5,963	-	-	5,963
Net loss for the period	-	-		-	-	(93,191)	(93,191)
Balance at September 30, 2015	140,926	617,755		57,723	347	(325,002)	350,823
Balance as at December 31, 2015	159,266	\$ 652,202	\$	60,206	\$ 343	\$ (409,464)	\$ 303,287
Issue of common shares, net of costs	11,827	35,535		_	-	_	35,535
Stock options exercised	1,883	7,296		(3,405)	_	_	3,891
Stock-based compensation	.,	-		5,448	_	-	5,448
Net income for the period	-	_		-	_	3,307	3,307
Balance at September 30, 2016	172,976	695,033		62,249	343	(406,157)	351,468



INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands of United States dollars)

		Three months ended			months ended
	Note	2016	September 30,	2016	September 30,
	Note	2010	2015	2010	2015
Operating activities					
Net (loss) income and comprehensive (loss) income		\$ (8,399)	\$ (19,029)	\$ 3,307	\$ (93,191)
for the period					
Adjustments:					
Net financing expense	10	5,711	6,183	16,771	25,120
Equity loss (profit)	16,17	(387)	135	(1,399)	(748)
Stock-based compensation and restricted share units expense		3,675	1,632	8,583	4,194
Depletion and depreciation	5	10,814	12,573	20,319	37,524
Unrealized (gain) loss on derivatives and financial instruments	12	(142)	(996)	995	(749)
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain) and other		52	3,257	(1,357)	1,817
Settlement of restricted share units liability	13	(1,933)	-	(1,994)	(339)
Deferred income tax (recovery) expense		(571)	3,522	(7,815)	3,254
Loan investment write-down	13	1,106	-	1,106	-
Impairment on property, plant and equipment		-	-	-	44,661
Non-cash pre-license and exploration costs	4	14,609	-	14,609	-
Gain on decommissioning obligation settlement		-	-	(345)	-
Loss on disposition of assets		-	-	11	38
Settlement of decommissioning obligation		-	-	(125)	-
Changes in non-cash working capital	12	(2,260)	7,025	(9,378)	(20,195)
		22,275	14,302	43,288	1,386
Investing activities		(0 0)		(
Property acquisition	5	(7,818)	- (0)	(11,483)	-
Expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets	4	(12,465)	(2,080)	(24,448)	(29,722)
Expenditures on property, plant and equipment		(7,578)	(17,032)	(19,699)	(37,758)
Investments	7	(433)	(492)	(1,669)	(717)
Change in restricted cash		(27)	456	(769)	13,455
Proceeds on dispositions and farm-outs		-	· -	9	1,050
Other long-term obligations		-	(599)	-	(599)
Changes in non-cash working capital	12	11,146	7,043	6,973	(28,516)
		(17,175)	(12,704)	(51,086)	(82,807)
Financing activities					
Net financing expense paid		(4,434)	(5,099)	(12,782)	(15,709)
Issue of common shares, net of issue costs	0	36,101	26,229	39,426	26,435
Draw on bank debt, net of transaction costs	9 8	50,101	20,229	39,420	20,435
Repayment of bank debt	8	•	(22.225)	-	(225,333)
пераутель от ранк церь	U	31,667	(20,000)	26,644	5,218
		31,007	1,130	20,044	5,210
Change in cash		36,767	2,728	18,846	(76,203)
Cash, beginning of period		25,336	45,765	43,257	124,696
Cash, end of period		\$ 62,103	\$ 48,493	\$ 62,103	\$ 48,493



(UNAUDITED)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in United States dollars (tabular amounts in thousands) except as otherwise noted)

NOTE 1 - GENERAL INFORMATION

Canacol Energy Ltd. and its subsidiaries ("Canacol" or the "Corporation") are primarily engaged in petroleum and natural gas exploration and development activities in Colombia and Ecuador. The Corporation's head office is located at 4500, 525 - 8th Avenue SW, Calgary, Alberta, T2P 1G1, Canada. The Corporation's shares are traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange (the "TSX") under the symbol CNE, the OTCQX in the United States of America under the symbol CNNEF and the Bolsa de Valores de Colombia under the symbol CNEC.

The Board of Directors approved these interim condensed consolidated financial statements (the "financial statements") for issuance on November 9, 2016.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting". These financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Corporation's audited consolidated financial statements for the six months ended December 31, 2015.

Basis of Measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for cash, restricted cash, crude oil payable in kind, investments, restricted share units and commodity contracts which are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in profit or loss ("fair value through profit or loss") and bank debt, which is measured at amortized cost.

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Functional and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in United States dollars, which is both the functional and presentation currency.

NOTE 3 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Corporation has adopted the newly pronounced amendments to IFRS effective January 1, 2016 as follows: IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements", IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements", IFRS 12 "Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities", IAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures", IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment", IAS 38 "Intangible Assets", IFRS 11 "Joint Arrangements" and IFRS 27 "Separate Financial Statements".

The adoption of the newly pronounced amendments to IFRS did not have a significant impact on the Corporation's financial statements.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The following are new IFRS pronouncements that have been issued, although not yet effective and have not been early adopted, and may have an impact on the Corporation in the future as discussed below.

(i) Revenue from Contracts with Customers

On January 1, 2018, the Corporation will be required to adopt IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers". IFRS 15 was issued in May 2014 and will replace IAS 11 "Construction Contracts", IAS 18 "Revenue Recognition", IFRIC 13 "Customer Loyalty Programmes", IFRIC 15 "Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate", IFRIC 18 "Transfers of Assets from Customers" and SIC-31 "Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services". IFRS 15 provides a single, principle-based five-step model that will apply to all contracts with customers with limited exceptions, including, but not limited to, leases within the scope of IAS 17 and financial instruments and other contractual rights or obligations within the scope of IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" and IFRS 11 "Joint Arrangements". In addition to the five-step model, the standard specifies how to account for the incremental costs of obtaining a contract and the costs directly



For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in United States dollars (tabular amounts in thousands) except as otherwise noted)

related to fulfilling a contract. The standard's requirements will also apply to the recognition and measurement of gains and losses on the sale of some non-financial assets that are not an output of the Corporation's ordinary activities.

(ii) Financial Instruments

On January 1, 2018, the Corporation will be required to adopt IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", which is the result of the first phase of the International Accounting Standards Board's ("IASB") project to replace IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" and IFRIC 9 "Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives". The new standard replaces the current multiple classification and measurement models for financial assets and liabilities with a single model that has only two classification categories: amortized cost and fair value. Amendments to IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" will also be required to be adopted by the Corporation simultaneously with IFRS 9.

(iii) Leases

On January 1, 2019, the Corporation will be required to adopt IFRS 16: Leases to replace the existing guidance of IAS 17 "Leases". The standard establishes the principals and disclosure related to the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from a lease.

(iv) Amendment to existing standards

On January 1, 2017, the Corporation will be required to adopt amendments made to existing standards, IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" and IAS 12 "Income Taxes". The amendment to IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" includes separately disclosing changes in certain liabilities arising from financing activities. The amendment to IAS 12 "Income Taxes" clarifies requirements on the recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealized losses related to debt instruments measured at fair value.

The Corporation will assess the impact of the new IFRS pronouncements on the financial statements by the required implementation dates.

NOTE 4 – EXPLORATION AND EVALUATON ASSETS

Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 152,925
Additions	5,632
Exploration costs	(8,651)
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 149,906
Additions	24,448
Transferred to D&P assets (note 5)	(16,213)
Exploration costs	(14,609)
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$ 143,532

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Corporation made natural gas discoveries (Oboe-1 and Nispero-1) on its VIM-5 and Esperanza blocks and, accordingly, \$16.2 million of exploration costs associated with these blocks have been transferred to D&P assets.

During the three months ended September 30, 2016, the Corporation assessed its exploration blocks for impairment and, as a result of relinquishment or planned relinquishment of certain blocks, \$14.6 million of costs and capitalized interests associated with such blocks have been expensed as pre-license and exploration costs.



For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in United States dollars (tabular amounts in thousands) except as otherwise noted)

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Petro	oleum and Natural Gas Assets		Corporate and Other Assets		Total
Cost		dustissees		other rissets		1000
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$	777,821	\$	9,440	\$	787,261
Additions	7	38,863	7	198	,	39,061
Derecognition and other		(56)		(87)		(143)
Balance at December 31, 2015		816,628		9,551		826,179
Property acquisition		11,483		-		11,483
Additions		12,617		766		13,383
Dispositions		-		(22)		(22)
Transferred from E&E assets (note 4)		16,213		-		16,213
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$	856,941		10,295		867,236
Accumulated depletion and depreciation						
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$	(418,331)	\$	(5,306)	\$	(423,637)
Depletion and depreciation		(26,185)		(294)		(26,479)
Impairment		(44,599)		-		(44,599)
Derecognition and inventory adjustments		488		43		531
Balance at December 31, 2015		(488,627)		(5,557)		(494,184)
Depletion and depreciation		(19,902)		(417)		(20,319)
Derecognition and inventory adjustments		(9)		1		(8)
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$	(508,538)	\$	(5,973)	\$	(514,511)
Carrying value						
At June 30, 2015	\$	359,490	\$	4,134	\$	363,624
At December 31, 2015	\$	328,001	\$	3,994	\$	331,995
At September 30, 2016	\$	348,403	\$	4,322	\$	352,725

In connection with the acquisition of VIM-5 and VIM-19 E&P contracts, the Corporation paid an additional \$11.5 million in reserves addition related bonus payments during the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

NOTE 6 - RESTRICTED CASH

	September 30, 20	16	December 31, 2015		
Restricted cash – current	\$ 10,7	91	\$	8,147	
Restricted cash – non-current	51,7	39		53,574	
	\$ 62,5	Во	\$	61,721	

At September 30, 2016, restricted cash consisted of \$49 million of term deposits used as collateral to secure the Ecuador IPC's borrowings (\$8.3 million classified as current; \$40.7 million classified as non-current), \$8.8 million for work commitments and other capital commitments (\$2.5 million classified as current; \$6.3 million classified as non-current), and \$4.8 million held in a debt reserve accounts as required under its bank debt (classified as non-current).



(UNAUDITED)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in United States dollars (tabular amounts in thousands) except as otherwise noted)

NOTE 7 – INVESTMENTS

				Pov	ver Generation		
	Pipeline Company Investment	Oil	and Gas Company Investments ⁽¹⁾		Company Investment	ı	Total nvestments
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 1,909	\$	3,051	\$	_	\$	4,960
Additions	-		365		11,641		12,006
Disposals	(211)		-		-		(211)
Unrealized gain (loss)	227		(61)		-		166
Foreign exchange loss	(436)		(6)		-		(442)
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 1,489	\$	3,349	\$	11,641	\$	16,479
Additions	-		-		1,668		1,668
Realized loss	-		(531)		-		(531)
Unrealized loss	-		(51)		-		(51)
Foreign exchange gain	140		-		-		140
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$ 1,629	\$	2,767	\$	13,309	\$	17,705

⁽¹⁾ As at September 30, 2016, \$2.7 million of the investment in convertible notes of an oil and gas company have been classified as current as they are expected to be settled within the next twelve months.

During the three months ended September 30, 2016, the Corporation recognized a realized loss of \$0.5 million on its investment in an oil and gas company's shares as a result of assessing the value of such shares to be \$nil as at September 30, 2016.

NOTE 8 - BANK DEBT

Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 267,023
Repayment	(20,000)
Amortization of transaction costs	1,205
Balance at December 31, 2015	248,228
Amortization of transaction costs	1,811
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$ 250,039

The Corporation's bank debt as at September 30, 2016 consisted of a senior secured term loan for a principal amount of \$180 million ("BNP Senior Secured Term Loan") and unsecured senior notes ("Senior Notes") for a principal amount of \$75 million. The carrying value of the BNP Senior Secured Term Loan and Senior Notes included \$2.8 million and \$2.2 million of transaction costs netted against the principal amounts as at September 30, 2016, respectively.



(UNAUDITED)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in United States dollars (tabular amounts in thousands) except as otherwise noted)

NOTE 9 – SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized

The Corporation is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares.

Issued and Outstanding

	Number	Amount
	(000's)	
Balance at June 30, 2015	126,434	\$ 591,520
Issued on private placement, net of costs	32,696	60,112
Issued on exercise of stock options	136	225
Transfer from other reserves for stock options exercised	-	345
Balance at December 31, 2015	159,266	\$ 652,202
Issued on private placement, net of costs	11,827	35,535
Issued on exercise of stock options	1,883	3,891
Transfer from other reserves for stock options exercised	-	3,405
Balance at September 30, 2016	172,976	\$ 695,033

On August 2, 2016 and August 5, 2016, the Corporation completed the first and second tranche of private placement offerings of 9,687,670 and 1,800,000 common shares of the Corporation, respectively, issued at C\$4.08 per common share for a total of C\$46.9 million.

Stock Options

The number and weighted-average exercise prices of stock options were as follows:

		Weighted-Average
	Number	Exercise Price
	(000's)	(C\$)
Balance at December 31, 2015	15,335	4.26
Granted	3,505	4.20
Exercised	(1,883)	2.65
Forfeited and cancelled	(2,082)	8.88
Balance at September 30, 2016	14,875	3.80

Information with respect to stock options outstanding at September 30, 2016 is presented below.

	Stock Option	Stock Optio	ns Exercisable		
		Weighted-Average			
Range of	Number of Stock	Remaining	Weighted-Average	Number of Stock	Weighted-Average
Exercise Prices	Options	Contractual Life	Exercise Price	Options	Exercise Price
(C\$)	(000's)	(years)	(C\$)	(000's)	(C\$)
\$2.21 to \$3.50	8,925	3.5	2.79	5,857	2.80
\$3.60 to \$7.00	5,296	3.9	4.92	3,487	5.28
\$7.10 to \$10.50	654	0.3	8.65	654	8.65
	14,875	3.5	3.80	9,998	4.05

Stock-based compensation of \$3.6 million and \$5.5 million (2015 – \$1.6 million and \$4 million) were expensed during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively.



(UNAUDITED)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in United States dollars (tabular amounts in thousands) except as otherwise noted)

NOTE 10 - FINANCE INCOME AND EXPENSE

	Three months ended				Nine months ended			
		9	September 30,	September 30				
		2016	2015		2016		2015	
Finance income								
Interest income	\$	501	\$ 536	\$	1,667	\$	1,769	
Finance expense								
Accretion on decommissioning obligations		681	469		2,186		845	
Amortization of upfront fees		596	616		1,811		8,567	
Interest and other financing costs		4,935	5,634		14,441		17,477	
		6,212	6,719		18,438		26,889	
Net finance expense	\$	5,711	\$ 6,183	\$	16,771	\$	25,120	

NOTE 11 - NET (LOSS) INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME PER SHARE

Basic and diluted net (loss) income and comprehensive (loss) income per share were calculated as follows:

	Three months ended September 30,						
		2016	2015		2016		2015
Net (loss) income and comprehensive (loss) income	\$	(8,399)	\$ (19,029)	\$	3,307	\$	(93,191)
Weighted-average common share adjustments Weighted-average common shares outstanding, basic		169,063	130,846		162,904		118,961
Effect of stock options		-	150,040		2,135		-
Weighted-average common shares outstanding, diluted		169,063	130,846		165,039		118,961

For the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 and nine months ended September 30, 2015, stock options were anti-dilutive due to the net loss.

NOTE 12 – SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

The Corporation records petroleum and natural gas sales net of royalties. Royalties incurred were as follows:

	Three months ended September 30,							
		2016		2015		2016		2015
Petroleum and natural gas royalties	\$	7,147	\$ 2,	969	\$	15,225	\$	8,164

Income taxes and interest paid were as follows:

	Three months ended September 30,							ths ended ember 30,
		2016		2015		2016		2015
Income taxes paid Interest paid	\$ \$	- 4,565	\$ \$	- 5,235	\$ \$	8,893 13,630	\$ \$	10,778 18,243



For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in United States dollars (tabular amounts in thousands) except as otherwise noted)

Loss (gain) on derivatives and financial instruments:

		months ended September 30,			
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Crude oil payable in kind	\$ (32)	\$ (959)	\$ 50	\$ (895)	
Convertible debentures – unrealized	-	-	-	(100)	
Convertible debentures – realized	-	-	-	202	
Warrants – unrealized	-	(58)	-	(138)	
Warrants – realized	-	(3)	-	(30)	
Restricted share units – unrealized	(12)	(15)	891	53	
Restricted share units – realized	(19)	-	(19)	31	
Investments – unrealized	(51)	39	51	157	
Investments – realized	531	-	531	5	
Commodity contracts – unrealized	(47)	-	3	-	
	\$ 370	\$ (996)	\$ 1,507	\$ (715)	

Changes in non-cash working capital are comprised of:

	Three months ended			Nine months ended			
		9	September 30,	September 30			
		2016	2015	2016	2015		
Change in:							
Trade and other receivables	\$	(2,387)	\$ 7,936	\$ (25,525)	\$ 19,802		
Prepaid expenses and deposits		(992)	1,068	(4,223)	6,903		
Crude oil inventory		(99)	367	(112)	1,297		
Trade and other payables		6,692	(2,247)	11,627	(72,021)		
Crude oil payable in kind		(83)		(217)			
Deferred income		(1,972)	5,751	1,984	5,751		
Wealth tax payable		(571)	(630)	-	-		
Taxes payable		8,298	1,823	14,061	(10,443)		
		8,886	14,068	(2,405)	(48,711)		
Attributable to:							
Operating activities		(2,260)	7,025	(9,378)	(20,195)		
Investing activities		11,146	7,043	6,973	(28,516)		
	\$	8,886	\$ 14,068	\$ (2,405)	\$ (48,711)		



(UNAUDITED)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in United States dollars (tabular amounts in thousands) except as otherwise noted)

NOTE 13 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying values and respective fair values of financial assets and liabilities at September 30, 2016 are summarized as follows:

	Carrying Value	Carrying Value					
Fair value through profit or loss							
Cash	\$ 62,103	\$	62,103				
Restricted cash	62,580		62,580				
Restricted share units	2,142		2,142				
Investments	17,705		17,705				
Crude oil payable in kind	472		472				
Commodity contracts	3		3				
Loans and receivables							
Trade and other receivables	36,101		36,101				
Other liabilities							
Bank debt	250,039		255,000				
Trade and other payables	22,909		22,909				
Other long term obligations	2,684		2,684				

The Corporation classifies the fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value according to the following hierarchy based on the amount of observable inputs used to value the instrument.

- Level 1 Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date. Active markets are those in which transactions occur in sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- Level 2 Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1. Prices in Level 2 are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date. Level 2 valuations are based on inputs, including quoted forward prices for commodities, time value and volatility factors, which can be substantially observed or corroborated in the marketplace.
- Level 3 Valuations in this level are those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

The Corporation's financial instruments have been assessed on the fair value hierarchy described above. Cash, restricted cash, restricted share units and crude oil payable in kind are classified as Level 1. A portion of the Investments is classified as Level 1 (\$2.7 million) and a portion is classified as Level 2 (\$15 million). Commodity contracts are classified as Level 2. There has been no reclassification of financial instruments into or out of each fair value hierarchy during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016. Assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect the placement within the fair value hierarchy level.

The carrying value of the bank debt includes \$5 million of transaction costs netted against the principal amount as at September 30, 2016, which is amortized over the term of the underlying bank debt using the effective interest method.



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Restricted Share Units

	Number	Amount
	(000's)	
Balance at June 30, 2015	158 \$	350
Granted	45	94
Settled	(125)	(273)
Realized loss	-	24
Unrealized gain	-	(15)
Foreign exchange gain	-	(25)
Balance at December 31, 2015	78	155
Granted	1,184	3,127
Settled	(611)	(1,975)
Realized gain	-	(19)
Unrealized loss	-	891
Foreign exchange gain	-	(37)
Balance at September 30, 2016	651 \$	2,142

On March 31, 2016 and August 24, 2016, the Corporation granted 1,150,615 and 33,000 restricted shares units ("RSUs") with a reference price of C\$3.41 and C\$4.22 per share, respectively. The March 31, 2016 RSUs vest at one-half in six months and one-half in one year from the grant date and the August 24, 2016 RSUs vest at one-half in one year and one-half in two years from the grant date, and will likely be settled in cash.

On January 21, 2016, February 14, 2016, March 31, 2016, May 30, 2016, August 18, 2016 and September 30, 2016, 4,667, 11,250, 1,791, 10,000, 7,500 and 575,313 RSUs were settled in cash at C\$2.16, C\$2.65, C\$3.31, C\$3.71, C\$4.09 and C\$4.31 per share, respectively.

Warrants

	Number	Amount	
	(000's)		
Balance at June 30, 2015	779 \$	67	
Expired	(515)	(3)	
Unrealized gain	-	(62)	
Foreign exchange gain	-	(2)	
Balance at December 31, 2015	264	-	
Expired	(264)	-	
Balance at September 30, 2016	- \$	-	

On February 9, 2016, the remaining 264,192 outstanding warrants expired with an exercise price of C\$5.20.



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Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market factors, such as commodity prices, foreign exchange rates, and interest rates will affect the Corporation's cash flows, profit or loss, liquidity or the value of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to mitigate market risk exposures where considered appropriate and maximize returns.

(i) Commodity Price Risk

Commodity price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in commodity prices. Lower commodity prices can also impact the Corporation's ability to raise capital. Commodity prices for crude oil are impacted by world economic events that dictate the levels of supply and demand. From time to time the Corporation may attempt to mitigate commodity price risk through the use of financial derivatives. The Corporation's policy is to only enter into commodity contracts considered appropriate to a maximum of 50% of forecasted production volumes.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Corporation entered into one financial oil collar under the following terms:

Period	Volume	Туре	Price Range
Jul 2016 – Dec 2016	1,000 bbls/day	Financial WTI Oil Collar	\$40.00 - \$58.40

(ii) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The Corporation is exposed to foreign currency fluctuations as certain expenditures are denominated in Colombian pesos and Canadian dollars. As at September 30, 2016, the Colombian peso to United States dollar exchange rate was 2,880:1 (December 31, 2015 – 3,149:1) and the Canadian dollar to United States dollar exchange rate was 1.31:1 (December 31, 2015 – 1.38:1)

The Corporation had no forward exchange rate contracts in place as at or during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016.

(iii) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The Corporation is exposed to interest rate risk on certain variable interest rate debt instruments, to the extent they are drawn. The remainder of the Corporation's financial assets and liabilities are not exposed to interest rate risk. The Corporation had no interest rate swap or financial contracts in place as at or during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Corporation's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, within reasonable means, sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and unusual conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or jeopardizing the Corporation's business objectives. The Corporation prepares annual capital expenditure budgets which are monitored regularly and updated as considered necessary. Petroleum and natural gas production is monitored daily to provide current cash flow estimates and the Corporation utilizes authorizations for expenditures on projects to manage capital expenditures.



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The following table outlines the contractual maturities of the Corporation's financial liabilities at September 30, 2016:

	Less than	Less than 1 year 1-2 years			Thereafter		Total	
Bank debt – principal	ė		90,000	Ś	165,000	بے	255,000	
Trade and other payables	ž		90,000	Ą	105,000	Ą	/	
	22	2,909	-		-		22,909	
Crude oil payable in kind		472	-		-		472	
Commodity contracts		3	-		-		3	
Taxes payable	2	2,376	-		-		22,376	
Deferred income	4	4,200	-		3,731		7,931	
Other long term obligations		-	-		2,684		2,684	
Restricted share units		2,038	104		-		2,142	
	\$ 5	1,998 \$	90,104	\$	171,415	\$	313,517	

In addition to the above, the Corporation has issued letters of credit totalling \$76 million to guarantee certain obligations under its exploration contracts and to guarantee other contractual commitments. Such amounts only become payable should the Corporation not meet those obligations.

Credit Risk

Credit risk reflects the risk of loss if counterparties do not fulfill their contractual obligations. The majority of the Corporation's trade receivable balances relate to petroleum and natural gas sales. The Corporation's policy is to enter into agreements with customers that are well established and well financed entities in the oil and gas industry such that the level of risk is mitigated. To date, the Corporation has not experienced any material credit losses in the collection of its trade receivables. In Colombia, a significant portion of crude oil and natural gas sales are with customers that are directly or indirectly controlled by the government. The Corporation has also entered into sales agreements with certain Colombian private sector companies.

The Corporation's trade receivables primarily relate to sales of petroleum and natural gas, which are normally collected within 45 days of the month of production. The Corporation has historically not experienced any collection issues with its customers.

During the three months ended September 30, 2016, the Corporation wrote off \$1.1 million of receivables related to certain loans made to its strategic industry partners.

Capital Management

The Corporation's policy is to maintain a strong capital base in order to provide flexibility in the future development of the business and maintain investor, creditor and market confidence. The Corporation manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in response to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. The Corporation considers its capital structure to include share capital, bank debt and working capital, defined as current assets less current liabilities, excluding non-cash items. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, from time to time the Corporation may issue common shares or other securities, sell assets or adjust its capital spending to manage current and projected debt levels.

The Corporation monitors leverage and adjusts its capital structure based on its net debt level. Net debt is defined as the principal amount of its outstanding bank debt, less working capital, as defined above. In order to facilitate the management of its net debt, the Corporation prepares annual budgets, which are updated as necessary depending on varying factors including current and forecast crude oil prices, changes in capital structure, execution of the Corporation's business plan and general industry conditions. The annual budget is approved by the Board of Directors and updates are prepared and reviewed as required.

On August 2, 2016 and August 5, 2016, the Corporation completed the first and second tranche of private placement offerings of 9,687,670 and 1,800,000 common shares of the Corporation, respectively, issued at C\$4.08 per common share for a total of C\$46.9 million. The private placement offering further enhances the Corporation's liquidity and its ability to explore and develop its 100% operated gas assets for the remainder of 2016.



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The Corporation is in active negotiations to refinance its existing debt consisting of the BNP Senior Secured Term Loan and the Apollo Senior Notes, currently totaling \$255 million, into a single loan facility, with the intention to a) lower the average interest rate, and b) extend the first amortization payment of the new term loan into 2019.

	Sep	tember 30, 2016
Bank debt – principal	\$	255,000
Working capital surplus		(68,524)
Net debt	\$	186,476

NOTE 14 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Presented below are the Corporation's contractual commitments at September 30, 2016:

	Les	s than 1 year	1-3 years	Thereafter	Total
Exploration and production contracts Office leases Finance lease	\$	43,654 \$ 866 9,213	59,822 1,733 24,482	\$ - \$ 1,223 30,343	103,476 3,822 64,038

Finance lease

The Corporation entered into a lease agreement with Promisol SAS to construct and operate a natural gas processing plant which is currently expected to commence operation by the end of 2016. Upon commencement of operation, the Corporation is expected to recognize a finance lease asset and liability of approximately \$33 million.

Ecuador Incremental Production Contract ("Ecuador IPC")

In addition to the commitments described above, the Corporation has a non-operated 25% equity participation interest (27.9% capital participation interest) in a joint-venture consortium which in 2012 was awarded an incremental production contract for the Libertador and Atacapi mature oil fields in Ecuador. The consortium plans to incur project expenditures estimated for a total of \$397 million (\$107.6 million net to the Corporation) over the 15 year term of the contract. As at September 30, 2016, the Corporation had incurred \$84.3 million of expenditures in connection with its Ecuador IPC commitment.

Oleoducto Bicentenario de Colombia ("OBC") Pipeline

The Corporation owns a 0.5% interest in OBC, which owns a pipeline system that will link Llanos basin oil production to the Cano Limon oil pipeline system. Under the terms of the OBC agreement, the Corporation may be required to provide financial support or guarantees for its proportionate equity interest in any future debt financings undertaken by OBC. The Corporation has also entered into ship-or-pay arrangements for 550 barrels of oil per day at \$8.54 / barrel with OBC to guarantee its pipeline revenue.

Contingencies

In the normal course of operations, the Corporation has disputes with industry participants and assessments from tax authorities for which it currently cannot determine the ultimate results. The Corporation has a policy to record contingent liabilities as they become determinable and the probability of loss is more likely than not.



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NOTE 15 – DEFERRED INCOME

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Corporation received proceeds for crude oil and natural gas to be delivered at a later date ("Undelivered Nominations"). The offtakers have a legal right to take delivery of the Undelivered Nominations at a later date, for a fixed period of time ("make-up rights"). These nominations are paid for at the time and as such are included in deferred income for the period. The Corporation recognizes revenues associated with such make-up rights at the earlier of a) when the make-up volume is delivered, b) the make-up right expires or c) when it is determined that the likelihood that the offtaker will utilize the make-up right is remote. As at September 30, 2016, Undelivered Nominations resulted in a deferred income balance of \$4.2 million and has been classified as a current liability as it is expected to be settled within the next twelve months.

Pacific Exploration and Production Corp. ("Pacific") has executed an agreement with the Corporation whereby, among other things, the Corporation has agreed to transfer operatorship of the Portofino Exploration and Production contract (the "Contract") to Pacific subject to ANH approval. Under the terms of the agreement, Pacific will operate any commercial discoveries made on the contract. In consideration for the transfer of operatorship, Pacific has paid the Corporation the sum of \$3.7 million (the "Consideration") and has agreed to provide the Corporation with the option to participate pro-rata in its interest in the Contract, as well as in all pipelines and transportation infrastructure projects in which Pacific participates in respect of the evacuation of crude from the area. As at September 30, 2016, the condition of the Contract has not been met as Pacific has not applied for the transfer of operatorship and, therefore, the consideration remains recognized as deferred income and classified as a non-current liability.

NOTE 16 – INVESTMENT IN INTEROIL

The Corporation holds an effective 25% ownership in Interoil Exploration and Production ASA through its 49% ownership in holding company, Andes Interoil Limited ("Interoil"). As a result, the Corporation has significant influence over Interoil which is accounted for using the equity method. Details of Interoil's net assets and net income (loss) are shown below, along with the Corporation's share of the investment, net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss).

As at	Se	eptember 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Interoil cash and cash equivalents (gross)	\$	12,068 \$	15,558
Interoil bank debt (gross)		37,863	43,892
Total Interoil current assets (gross)	\$	16,551 \$	21,098
Total Interoil non-current assets (gross)		36,743	39,948
Total Interoil current liabilities (gross)		9,651	12,008
Total Interoil non-current liabilities (gross)		41,066	38,685
Interoil equity (gross)		2,577	10,353
Investment in Interoil	\$	2,191 \$	2,491

		nonths ended eptember 30,	Nine months ended September 30			
	2016	2015	2016	2015		
Interoil revenue (gross)	\$ 3,558	\$ -	\$ 11,485	\$ -		
Interoil depletion and depreciation (gross)	1,174	-	3,717	-		
Interoil interest expense (gross)	1,042	-	4,130	-		
Interoil income tax recovery (gross)	(231)	-	(1,901)	-		



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	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ende September 30		
	2016	2015		2016		2015
Interoil net loss and comprehensive income loss Corporation's share of Interoil net loss and comprehensive loss	\$ (761) (190)	\$ - -	\$	(1,202) (301)	\$	- -

NOTE 17 – INVESTMENT IN ECUADOR JOINT VENTURE

The Corporation conducts its operations in Ecuador through a 25% equity interest in the Ecuador IPC, which is reported in these financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Details of the Ecuador IPC's net assets and net income are shown below along with the Corporation's share of the investment and profit.

As at	Se	ptember 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Ecuador IPC cash and cash equivalents (gross) Ecuador IPC bank debt (gross)	\$	4,752 176,748	\$ 7,412 174,065
Total Ecuador IPC current assets (gross) Total Ecuador IPC non-current assets (gross) Total Ecuador IPC current liabilities (gross) Total Ecuador IPC non-current liabilities (gross) Ecuador IPC equity (gross)	\$	120,658 130,181 67,342 137,480 46,017	\$ 91,781 170,717 105,297 118,124 39,078
Investment in Ecuador joint venture	\$	15,011	\$ 13,311

		nonths ended eptember 30,				
	2016	2015	2016	2015		
Ecuador IPC revenue (gross) Ecuador IPC depletion and depreciation (gross)	\$ 25,838 14,855	\$ 31,763 25,744	\$ 76,892 46,141	\$ 83,668 58,674		
Ecuador IPC interest expense (gross)	2,477	2,090	7,423	5,866		
Ecuador income tax expense (gross)	1,844	-	4,717	596		

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,				
		2016		2015		2016		2015
Joint venture net income and comprehensive income Corporation's share of joint venture income	\$ \$	2,308 577	\$ \$	(538) (135)	\$ \$	6,798 1,700	\$ \$	2 , 998 750



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NOTE 18 – SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Corporation's only reportable segment is "Colombia". The main purpose of "Other Segments" is to reconcile the reportable segment to the Corporation's combined results. "Other Segments" is not a reportable segment. The Corporation's chief operating decision maker is its executive officers.

The following tables show information regarding the Corporation's segments.

	Colombia	Other Segments	Total
	(reportable)	(non-reportable)	
Three months ended September 30, 2016			
Total petroleum and natural gas revenues, net	\$ 44,392	\$ -	\$ 44,392
Equity profit	-	387	387
Expenses, excluding impairment	(13,685)	(17,281)	(30,966)
Exploration costs	(14,609)	-	(14,609)
	16,098	(16,894)	(796)
Income tax expense	7,603	-	7,603
Net income (loss)	\$ 8,495	\$ (16,894)	\$ (8,399)
Capital expenditures, net	\$ 28,180	\$ 518	\$ 28,698
Three months ended September 30, 2015			
Total petroleum and natural gas revenues, net	\$ 21,958	\$ -	\$ 21,958
Equity loss	-	(135)	(135)
Expenses, excluding income taxes	(34,201)	(317)	(34,518)
Net loss before taxes	(12,243)	(452)	(12,695)
Income tax expense	6,334	-	6,334
Net loss	\$ (18,577)	\$ (452)	\$ (19,029)
Capital expenditures, net	\$ 22,264	\$ 35	\$ 22,299
Nine months ended September 30, 2016			
Total petroleum and natural gas revenues, net	\$ 106,018	\$ -	\$ 106,018
Equity profit	-	1,399	1,399
Expenses, excluding impairment	(36,900)	(38,081)	(74,981)
Exploration costs	(14,609)	<u>-</u>	(14,609)
Net income (loss) before taxes	54,509	(36,682)	17,827
Income tax expense	14,520	<u>-</u>	14,520
Net income (loss)	\$ 39,989	\$ (36,682)	\$ 3,307
Capital expenditures, net	\$ 48,548	\$ 744	\$ 49,292
Nine months ended September 30, 2015			
Total petroleum and natural gas revenues, net	\$ 75,684	\$ -	\$ 75,684
Equity profit	-	748	748
Expenses, excluding impairments	(82,906)	(30,542)	(113,448)
Impairment on D&P assets	(44,661)	 <u> </u>	 (44,661)
Net loss before taxes	(51,883)	(29,794)	(81,677)
Income tax expense	11,514	-	11,514
Net loss	\$ (63,397)	\$ (29,794)	\$ (93,191)
Capital expenditures, net	\$ 112,914	\$ 802	\$ 113,716



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	Colombia	Other Segments	Total
	(reportable)	(non-reportable)	
As at September 30, 2016			
Total assets	\$ 617,978	\$ 117,275	\$ 735,253
Total liabilities	\$ 127,686	\$ 256,099	\$ 383,785
As at December 31, 2015			
Total assets	\$ 568,672	\$ 99,677	\$ 668,349
Total liabilities	\$ 113,616	\$ 251,446	\$ 365,062

NOTE 19 – JOINT OPERATIONS

The Corporation has the following significant joint operations:

	Principal	Working
Joint operation	place of business	interest $\overset{\circ}{x}$
LLA-23	Colombia	91%
Santa Isabel	Colombia	30% (deep); 100% (shallow)
VMM-2	Colombia	66.9% (deep); 40% (shallow)
VMM-3	Colombia	20%
Ombu/Capella	Colombia	10%
Coati	Colombia	20%
Portofino	Colombia	40%
Los Picachos	Colombia	37.5%
Macaya	Colombia	37.5%
Serrania	Colombia	37.5%